

## Utility maximization for perfect substitutes

### Problem Statement

Consider a consumer who derives utility from consuming two goods,  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ . The consumer's utility function is given by:

$$U(x_1, x_2) = ax_1 + bx_2, \quad (1)$$

where  $a$  and  $b$  are positive constants. The consumer has a budget constraint given by:

$$p_1x_1 + p_2x_2 = M, \quad (2)$$

where  $p_1$  and  $p_2$  are the prices of good 1 and good 2, respectively, and  $M$  is the consumer's income. Find the optimal consumption bundle and the optimal utility for the consumer.

## Solution

### Optimal consumption bundle

Since the utility function represents perfect substitutes, the consumer will choose to consume only the good with the highest utility per unit of price, also known as the marginal rate of substitution (MRS). We calculate the MRS for both goods:

$$MRS_1 = \frac{a}{p_1}, \quad (3)$$

$$MRS_2 = \frac{b}{p_2}. \quad (4)$$

Now, we compare the MRS of both goods to determine the optimal consumption bundle:

1. If  $MRS_1 > MRS_2$ , the consumer will consume only good 1:

$$x_1^* = \frac{M}{p_1}, \quad x_2^* = 0. \quad (5)$$

2. If  $MRS_1 < MRS_2$ , the consumer will consume only good 2:

$$x_1^* = 0, \quad x_2^* = \frac{M}{p_2}. \quad (6)$$

3. If  $MRS_1 = MRS_2$ , the consumer is indifferent between the two goods, and any combination of  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  that satisfies the budget constraint will be optimal.

### Optimal utility

After finding the optimal consumption bundle, we can calculate the optimal utility by substituting the optimal consumption levels into the utility function:

1. If  $MRS_1 > MRS_2$ :

$$U^* = a \left( \frac{M}{p_1} \right) + b(0) = \frac{aM}{p_1}. \quad (7)$$

2. If  $MRS_1 < MRS_2$ :

$$U^* = a(0) + b \left( \frac{M}{p_2} \right) = \frac{bM}{p_2}. \quad (8)$$

3. If  $MRS_1 = MRS_2$ , the optimal utility will depend on the specific combination of  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  that the consumer chooses, but the total utility will be the same for any combination that exhausts the budget constraint.